

Instructions & Repair Parts Manual for Piranha 135 Ton Press Brake

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Piranha P.O. Box 457 Hutchinson, Ks 67504

Voice (800) 338-5471 Fax (620) 662-1719 Web Site <u>www.piranhafab.com</u>

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PN: T2583-2 135-10 GEN II - FluidTech Manual

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1. Safety

Safety must be a primary concern. When operating or performing maintenance procedures, follow all standard safety guidelines. Do not wear loose fitting clothing or any articles that may be pulled into any moving parts.

Be sure that when operating the equipment, all safety devices operate properly. Never under any circumstances disable, remove, or alter the original configuration of the safety system.

Should any component of the safety system become inoperable, immediately discontinue operation, and notify a supervisor.

- **NEVER** place fingers, hands, or any other body part in or under the ram area or other moving mechanisms.
- Proper eye protection must be worn at all times when operating the machine.
- ! Always insure that the machine is turned **OFF** before changing the tooling.

Read and understand this manual prior to operating the machine.

The area around the Piranha 135 Press Brake should be well lighted, dry, and free of obstacles.

The Piranha 135 Press Brake is designed for single person operation only.

Always insure that all tooling is properly secured in position before starting any operation.

When servicing the machine always practice standard lockout/tag-out procedures to avoid personal injury.

Qualified maintenance personnel only should perform service operations on the Piranha 135 Press Brake.

NOTE: The Run/Program keyswitch provides security for choosing initiation means and operation modes that can be supervised by the user, in accordance with ANSI B11.3 standards. The Generation II control system also provides a Footswitch Control Module. Removing the Footswitch Control Module can provide an extra level of lockout security for initiation means, if your plant safety program deems a level is needed beyond the Run/Program keyswitch. Without the Footswitch Control Module in place, Foot or Foot/Foot initiation means will not operate even if chosen using the Run/Program keyswitch.

When installing a Piranha "Plug -n- Play" light curtain assembly, the light curtain connector will replace the Footswitch Control Module.

1.1. Warning Labels

Located around the Piranha 135 Press Brake are labels warning the operator of various dangers and precautions to be aware of when operating or servicing the machine.

CAUTION

Place depth limit dog to top position or block ram when machine is stopped overnight to prevent damage to micro switches. Do not use approach speed for pressing or machine damage may result.

Place the depth limit dog to the top position or block the ram in the up position when the machine is stopped overnight to prevent damage to the micro switches. Do not use approach speed for pressing or machine damage may result.

Part - T0061

This machine is top and front heavy. Do not use a fork truck! Use an overhead crane! See manual before attempting to move.

Part – T0062

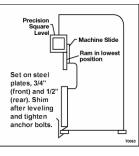


This machine is top and front heavy. Do not use fork truck! Use an overhead crane! See manual before attempting to move.

Do not remove this sign from this machine.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Both slides to be leveled within 0.0005 inch/foot for proper operation. Running machine in out of level condition will void warranty.



Both slides are to be leveled within 0.0005 inch/foot for proper operation. Running the machine out of level will cause damage and void the warranty.

Part - T0063

A WARNING

To prevent serious bodily injury

NEVER

Place any part of your body under the ram or within the die area.

NEVER

Operate, install dies, or maintain this machine without proper instruction and without first reading and understanding the operators or machine manual.

NEVER

Install dies or service this machine with the motor "on" and control in "ON" position.

Do not remove this sign from this machine.

To prevent serious bodily injury;

Never place any part of your body under the ram or within the die area.

Never Operate, install dies, or maintain this machine without proper instruction and without first reading and understanding the operators or owners machine maintenance manual.

Never Install dies or service this machine with the motor "on" and control in "on" position.

Part – T0066



High pressure oil easily punctures skin causing serious injury, gangrene, or death. If injured, seek emergency medical help. Immediate surgery is required to remove oil. Do not use finger or hand to check for leaks. Lower load or relieve hydraulic pressure before loosening fittings.

T0067

Do not go near leaks

High-pressure oil easily punctures skin causing injury, gangrene and even death. If injured, seek emergency medical help. Immediate surgery is required to remove oil. Do not use finger or hand to check for leaks. Lower load or relieve pressure before loosening fittings.

Part – T0067

A WARNING

Keep hands and body clear of moving parts.

T0068

Keep hands and body parts clear of moving parts.

Part - T0068



When using CNC Ram control, ALWAYS set the Pressbrake Top and Bottom Limit Switches as a Safety Back-up of the CNC Controller. Pressbrake Bottom Limit Switch should be set to accommodate the deepest bend, but not deep enough to cause a Punch/Die collision, while allowing for material thickness. This Important Safety Back-up guards against programming errors and CNC system malfunction.

T099

When using CNC Ram control, always set the press brake top and bottom limit switches as a safety back up of the CNC controller. Press brake bottom limit switch should be set to accommodate the deepest bend, but not enough to cause a punch die collision, while allowing for material thickness.

This important safety back up guards against programming errors and CNC system malfunction.

Part - T0998

1.2. Tooling Installation Safety

Tool setting is a very important job. Safety of the operator, press brake and the tooling is involved. To properly prepare for the job, the tool setter should have a good working knowledge of press brakes, tools and materials. The person should also have been instructed in the use of tool trucks and other handling equipment. The person must also understand the importance of proper tool adjustment.

Aside from the technical knowledge the setter must develop a sense of personal safety awareness. It is not only important that tools are correctly installed in the proper size of equipment, the task must be accomplished in an organized and safe manner to complete the job.

The following steps offer a precautionary guide in the development for safe tooling installation procedures.

- 1. Immediately report any questionable operation, unusual action, unsafe condition or improper maintenance to the proper personnel.
- 2. **NEVER** at any time allow fingers or hands to be between the tools.
- 3. When working with other people insure that all persons are clear of the press brake prior to any ram motion (jogging, inching or cycling).
- 4. Insure that the proper safe material handling equipment (tongs, pliers, vacuum lifters or other mechanical devices) available to the press brake operator.
- 5. When changing the settings of press brake controls, insure that the controls are properly adjusted and test cycle the machine to verify correct operation.
- 6. Any locking type of controls should be adjusted by authorized personal, and the key must be removed to a secure location when not being used.
- 7. Insure that all devices are in proper working order.
- 8. Anytime that the machine has been left unattended or inoperative for even a brief time, verify the correct position of all controls and proper press brake operation.
- 9. Develop a sense of safety for yourself and any persons around you as well as your surrounding area.

Safety Standards & Specifications

Electrical System Design/Manufacture:

The machines manufactured in Hutchinson, KS, are furnished with electrical/electronic products that are UL (Underwriter's Laboratory) approved. These components have the UL numbers printed or stamped on them and can be easily traced to the point of manufacture

Hydraulic System Design/Manufacture:

Hydraulic components used in Piranha machines are approved by NFPA (National Fluid Power Association), and those approval numbers can be traced through the manufacturer's part numbers.

ANSI/OSHA Compliance:

Mega Manufacturing meets the current ANSI construction standards for manufacturing of ironworkers, press brakes, and shears:

ANSI B11.3—Power press brakes, Construction, Care, and Use

The ANSI B11 standards were developed to establish levels of responsibility for manufacturing safe products, installation, training, and use of these products. The levels of responsibility are fairly evenly distributed between the manufacturer, the owner/end user of the equipment, and the operator. Specific guarding requirements are in general assigned to the owner/end user of the equipment.

Please understand that this ruling places the primary burden of responsibility for maintenance of guarding on the owner /end user of the equipment. Inherent in this requirement is the responsibility of the owner/end user of the equipment to develop and maintain guarding specific to their application for the equipment. These ANSI safety requirements may be acquired from:

American National Standard Institute 1430 Broadway New York, New York 10018 Telephone (212) 354-3300

> PO Box 457 Hutchinson, KS 67504-0457 Phone: (800) 338-5471

Fax: (620) 669-8964

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2. Introduction

The Piranha press brake is a heavy duty, high performance hydraulic powered machine that provides several important advantages surpassing other press brakes in today's market. The Piranha's single hydraulic cylinder mechanical linkage system provides full tonnage at any point across the bed.

The machine is shipped fully assembled requiring only hydraulic oil and electric power to become fully operational. The heavy steel "C" frames, interlocking cross members, ram and bed provides the integrity and resistance to deflection that is necessary for accurate performance. State of the art, maintenance free, aerospace fiber glide bushings provide high load capacity and low friction in the form of a thin walled sleeve. They are completely non-metallic and require no lubrication. Hardened microfinished oversize link pins allow the linkage to withstand high load forming and punching applications.

Other standard features include: emergency stop button, Generation II control system, bed tilt adjustment, spring open die clamps with hardened clamping bolts. Hardened & ground ram slides with non-metallic ram gibs, precision ground die rail drilled and tapped on both sides with hold down bolts, die rail centering adjustment bolts and a sturdy 36" micro-adjustable back—gauge for simple, accurate and fast setting.

Warranty

Mega Mfg. will replace or repair with like parts, either new or rebuilt, F.O.B. the factory, or refund the purchase price for any parts on ironworkers, pressbrakes, or shears, which are defective in materials and workmanship within (12) months of the date of purchase. Provided the buyer returns the warranty registration within (30 days) of the purchase date, and, at the seller's option, returns the defective materials freight and delivery prepaid to the seller, which shall be the buyer's sole remedy for the defective materials. A 5 year warranty against defects in materials and workmanship applies to major structural components on pressbrakes and shears. Seller shall not be liable to purchaser or any other person for consequential or incidental damages. Hydraulic and electrical components are subject to their respective manufacturer's warranties. This warranty does not apply to machines and/or components which have been altered in any way, or subjected to abusive or abnormal use, inadequate maintenance and lubrication, or to use beyond seller recommended capacities and specifications. Seller shall not be liable under any circumstances for labor costs expended on such goods or consequential damages. Seller shall not be liable to purchaser or any other person for loss or damage directly or indirectly arising from the use of the goods or any other cause. No employee, agent, officer, or seller is authorized to make oral representations or warranty of fitness or to waive any of the foregoing terms of sale and none shall be binding on the seller.

3. Installation

BEFORE INSTALLING THIS PRESS BRAKE, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE PRESS BRAKE MANUAL WITH PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO "SAFETY TIPS FOR MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL" THE CURRENT ANSI B11-3 STANDARD-"SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, CARE AND USE OF POWER PRESS BRAKES." Copies can be ordered from: American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, New York 10018

3.1. Unpacking

CAUTION: THE PRESS BRAKE IS HEAVY IN FRONT. GUARD AGAINST TIPPING UNTIL ANCHOR BOLTS ARE SECURED.

This machine was carefully packaged at the factory to avoid damage during shipment, should any accidental damage occur contact the responsible freight company immediately and report the damage. Indicate any damage on the Bill of Lading. All Warranty information included in this packet must be returned to the factory.

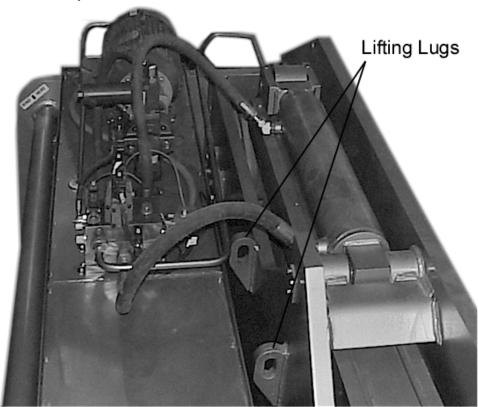


Figure 1: Lifting Lug Location

The Piranha 135 Press Brake must only be lifted using a crane, and the lifting lugs located in front of the hydraulic oil tank on top of the machine. **Do not** lift the machine from the bottom (forklift or jack) as the machine is top and front heavy and can tip resulting in serious bodily harm or death. Lifting the machine from the bottom can also result in machine damage.

3.2. Placement

Piranha recommends that the machine be placed on a reasonably level concrete foundation suitable to support the press brake's total weight and in accordance with local building codes. The machine should be placed on a single concrete pad free of cracks and seams. Prior to anchoring or setting, the press brake should be leveled and shimmed. A section (3.4) on leveling is included in this manual. **Anchoring** can be accomplished using suitable masonry anchors. Typically, only the rear feet of the machine need to be anchored. Use the machine as a template for anchoring hole locations. Placement of the machine should allow easy access around the machine for the operator and maintenance personnel. For safe operation placement should allow tooling to be installed onto the bed from the end of the machine.

It is recommended that a minimum four-foot area around the Piranha 135 Press Brake be provided.

3.2.1. Initial leveling

CAUTION: THE PRESS BRAKE IS HEAVY IN FRONT. GUARD AGAINST TIPPING BEFORE AND DURING LEVELING.

Level adjusting screws are only provided on the rear feet. The Piranha 135 Press Brake must be placed on four steel pads: 2 each 6" x 6" x 34" for the front feet and 2 each 6" x 6" x 12" for the rear feet. These pads are provided with the press brake.

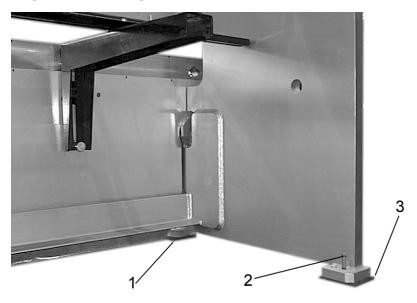


Figure 2: Leveling Plate /Foot Detail

- 1. Position the 3/4" thick pad under each of the front feet (*see Figure 2 Item 1*).
- 2. Position the 1/2" thick pad under each of the rear feet (*see Figure 2 Item 3*).

- 3. Before the riggers disconnect the lifting apparatus, check the press brake for rough level from the left to right plane.
- 4. Using a machinist square level, shim the front feet until the machined bottom surface of the **Ram** is level left to right. Desired level is within .005"-.015" inch per foot. A jack angle is located on the inside of the right C-frame to assist in leveling the machine right to left. Because of bed tilt feature, the bed cannot easily be used for leveling.

3.3. Cleaning

Clean the die rail, bed surface, punch holder pocket and die clamps with a mild solvent so as not to damage the paint finish on the machine. The main cylinder rod must also be free contaminants. Any contaminants left on the cylinder rod may damage the chrome finish and related hydraulic seals. The cylinder rod must be clean and dry. Wipe down the rest of the press brake with a mild cleaning solution.

3.4. Precision Leveling

The Piranha 135 Press Brake must be leveled precisely prior to operation. The following steps represent the typical leveling procedure. These instructions must be followed to avoid damaging the machine.

This procedure will require that the press brake have electrical power connected and hydraulic fluid installed. The press brake must be functional enough to lower the ram to the bottom stop position.



Figure 3: Precision Leveling Detail

Item	Description		
1	Slides		
2	Ram		

Table 1: Ram Slide Location Explanations

- 1. Before beginning the leveling procedure, turn on the press brake and lower the ram to the bottom of stroke position, then turn the press brake off.
- 2. It is important to keep in mind that the left and right side need only to be parallel with each other, rather than perpendicular with the floor.
- 3. Using a machinist square level having an accuracy of .0005" inch per foot graduation, place the level firmly against the front face of the right vertical ram slide as shown. (See Figure 3 Item1)
- 4. Adjust the rear-leveling bolt until the bubble on the level is centered.

- 5. Repeat this procedure for the left slide. Adjust leveling bolts as required.
- 6. The side frames must be parallel to each other within .0005" per foot.
- 7. Once the machine is level, place shims, having a thickness equal to the gap between the base plate and the bottom of the press brake foot under the foot.
- 8. After the shims are in place, lower the adjusting bolts and recheck the level to ensure that the left and right sides of the machine have remained parallel to each other. The overall shim pack height may need to be adjusted in order to maintain side frame parallelism.
- 9. The machine may now be anchored to the floor using concrete anchor lugs.
- 10. After tightening the floor anchor lugs, re-check the press brake level to ensure that the machine has not moved.

3.5. Electrical

CAUTION: ELECTRICIANS CHECKING DIRECTION OF ROTATION SHOULD BE CAUTIONED NOT TO OPERATE THE PRESS BRAKE UNTIL IT HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY CHECKED, CLEANED, LEVELED AND LUBRICATED. A WIRING DIAGRAM IS FURNISHED IN THIS MANUAL. PRESS BRAKE OPERATING MODE SWITCH MUST BE IN THE OFF POSITION WHEN CHECKING MOTOR ROTATION.

BEFORE DRILLING ANY HOLES IN THE ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE, BE SURE THAT THE ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT BOARDS/EQUIPMENT ARE PROTECTED FROM METAL CHIPS CONTACTING THE CIRCUIT BOARD(S). DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR TO BLOW METAL DEBRIS FROM THE ENCLOSURE. USE A VACUUM TO REMOVE ANY METAL PARTICLES.

Electrical requirements may be determined by comparing the fuse part number to the chart located on the inner door panel of the main electrical box. (See Figure 4)

175/12 PRESS BRAKE							
SHORT CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD FUSE PROTECTION F1-F2-F3							
VOLTAGE TYPE AMP							
208 VOLT	208 VOLT J 90.0						
230 VOLT J 80.0							
460 VOLT J 40.0 % 575 VOLT J 30.0 %							
575 VOLT	J	30.0	055				

Figure 4: 135 Ton Fuse Size Chart

Electrical connection of the 3-phase systems requires proper phasing. When connecting the press to a 3-phase power source, the rotational direction of the pump drive motor must be correct. The motor must rotate in the direction of the arrow on the electrical motor (See Figure 6). A licensed electrician should perform all electrical connections.

Warning - The control transformer is for machine operation only. Do not use the machine transformer to power any secondary devices.

If a CNC back-gauge is installed on the machine install a dedicated 115-VAC, 60Hz, 20-Amp fused service to the CNC system..

3.5.1. Connecting the Pedestal Control

Prior to operation, the pedestal control plug must be attached to the main control panel. To connect the plug, locate the receptacle on the bottom of the main electrical control box. Align the plug with the receptacle. Insert the plug and rotate the outer ring securing the plug to the receptacle.

3.6. Hydraulic

Before applying power to the Piranha 135 Press Brake, the hydraulic reservoir must be filled with oil. To fill the reservoir, locate and remove the filler/breather cap on top of the reservoir. Fill the reservoir with Mobil DTE-13 or ISO32 equivalent, filtered to an ISO 17/15/13-cleanliness level. The proper oil level is between the red and black lines of the sight gauge found on the rear of the reservoir (*See Figure 5*). Do not over fill the reservoir. Replace the filler/breather cap.



Figure 5: Oil Level & Temperature Sight Gauge

Prior to start-up of the hydraulic unit the pump must be filled with hydraulic oil. The following steps represent the typical pump filling procedure.

- 1. Locate the pump case drain port (See Figure 6 Item 3).
- 2. Remove the tube from the fitting and remove the fitting from the port.
- 3. Using a small funnel, fill the case of the pump.
- 4. Replace the fitting and the tube.

3.6.1. Motor Rotation

Motor rotation can be verified by quickly "Bump Starting" the motor (starting and stopping quickly) and viewing the fan blade rotation through he fan blade shroud. The rotation direction of the motor fan blades must correspond with the direction arrow on the motor.

If the fan blades are obscured, use a flashlight to view the fan blades the viewing port on the fan shroud. Shine the light towards the fan blades and view the fan blade rotation.

WARNING: Do not place any objects or body parts into the viewing port. Machine damage or serious personal injury will occur.

Upon initial start-up of the hydraulic unit visually inspect around the machine for any possible leaks. Do not search for hydraulic oil leaks using exposed flesh; hydraulic pressure can puncture the skin.



Figure 6: Motor Rotation Viewport

Item	Description		
1	Direction of Rotation Arrow		
2	Fan blade View port		

Table 2: Motor Rotation Description

4. Operator Control

Operator selectable controls are provided on the Pedestal Control Unit and on the Right Hand Side of the press brake. Functionality of the controls are described below.



Figure 7: Main Electrical Enclosure

Item	Description		
1	Safety Disconnect Switch		
2	Ram Safety Switch		
3	Reset Button		

The **Ram Safety Switch**must be set to engage within ½" above the speed change point to enable proper operation of the sequence modes and optional safety devices.



Fig. 8: Generation II Pedestal Control Unit



Item	Description
1	Keyed Program /Run Selector Switch
2	Ram Up Button
3	Teach/Learn Indicator Light
4	Motor Start Button
5	Motor Stop Button
6	LCD/ Keypad Unit

Pedestal controls

Start button: Depressing the green Start pushbutton will apply power to the electric motor that drives the Piranha Press Brake hydraulic power unit. Depressing the E-Stop pushbutton will remove power from the pump unit. Before attempting to start the hydraulic motor insure that the E-Stop control is in the armed (up) position.

Stop Button: The E-Stop (Emergency Stop) control is a red, two-position maintained push button. Pressing the E-Stop button will remove electrical power from the hydraulic power unit drive motor and all base machine control circuits, stopping all machine movement. Twist the button head clockwise to reset the pushbutton.

Machine movement **cannot** resume until the E-Stop button has been reset.

Ram up Button: Depressing the Ram Up button will raise the ram from any position to the up stroke position.

Program/Run keyed switch: Supervisor key switch to limit access to programming functions, run modes, and initiation means. In the Run position it allows operation of the press brake. In the program position, it enables programming functions, run mode access, and initiation means access.

Dual palm Buttons: Depressing the palm buttons simultaneously will initiate a press cycle. If either palm button is released before the ram reaches the full down position, the ram will respond according to the Run mode selector switch setting.

Footswitch: A footswitch is provided for use according to the initiating means. If the footswitch is released before the ram reaches the full down position the ram will react according to the Run mode selector switch setting.

4.1. Key pad functions

Alpha/numeric keys: Contains numeric and alpha characters used for data entries. Programs similar to a cell phone format.

Hand/Foot: Permits the operator to toggle between the various initiation means when Program/Run switch is in the Program position.

Mode: Permits the operator to toggle between the various run modes when Program/Run switch is in the Program position.

1 /Yes: Moves the cursor up and answers yes to questions requiring a positive response

 \square / **No:** Moves the cursor down and answers no to questions requiring a negative response

Bksp: Moves the cursor backward one position per depression.

Esc: Moves display back to the previous menu

Decimal: Inserts a decimal point.

Job/Learn: Will display a job selection menu, and inputs value during teach mode. When in the run screen, depressing the job/learn key will display the job selection menu. In the teach mode, depressing the job/learn key will input the current ram position.

CIr: Clears most recent entry.

Enter: Confirms data entry.

1.3 Cycle counters & Timers

Machine counter: Master cycle counter, tracks total number of ram cycles and is not re-settable.

Maintenance counter: Cycle counter used for tracking maintenance intervals and may be reset. An access code is required to gain entry into the counter screen.

Parts counter: Counter used to track the number of completed parts during a production run. May be reset from the Run Screen (Job/learn key)

Hour meter: Records total "motor run" hours and is not re-settable.

Memory Tag / Job Storage and Back up

The Generation II control system is equipped with a battery backup circuit to prevent programmed job loss in the event of a power failure or when the machine electrical power is turned off. The battery has a nominal lifespan of three years after which time the battery discharges and all stored jobs will be lost if not saved to a memory tag. Stored jobs will also be lost when the battery is replaced unless jobs are "backed up" on a memory tag.

The backup procedure is detailed here:

- 1. Turn off main power to electrical enclosure.
- 2. Open enclosure door.
- 3. Insert Memory Tag into slot on front face of GII control module (Orientation does not matter).
- 4. Close electrical enclosure door.
- 5. Restore electrical power.
- 6. Start press brake.
- 7. After GII initializes, turn "Run/Program" switch to "Program."
- 8. Select "Teach/Edit Job" and press Enter.
- 9. Use "Down Arrow" to select "Memory Tag" and press Enter.
- 10. Select desired function: "Backup Jobs" or "Restore Jobs" and press Enter.
- 11. Remove and store memory tag when data transfer is completed.

NOTE: Do Not Remove Memory Stick While "Read/Write" is in progress.

Memory Tag Part Number: T3132

2. Operating Parameters (Key required for access)

2.1 Initiation means

Hand: When the switch is in the "Hand" position the machine is controlled from the Two-Hand control. The palm buttons must be engaged simultaneously to initiate a press cycle.

Foot: When the "Foot" mode is selected, the press is controlled by the footswitch alone.

Hand/Hand: This is a sequencing mode of operation that utilizes a double Hand actuation. Operating the Hand control initializes Ram movement. The press brake ram travels downward in approach speed to the speed change point, where the ram stops movement. Reactivation of the palm buttons will complete the ram cycle.

Hand/Foot: This is a sequencing mode of operation, which utilizes both Hand, and Foot modes. Ram movement is initialized by Hand mode and then transferred to Foot mode at the speed change position. Simultaneously depressing and maintaining both of the palm buttons initiates the sequence. At the speed change position, the ram stops and control is transferred to the footswitch. Activation of the footswitch will complete the ram cycle.

Foot/Foot: This is a sequencing mode of operation that utilizes a double Footswitch actuation. Ram movement is initiated by operating the footswitch control. The press brake ram travels downward in approach speed to the speed change point, where the ram stops movement. Reactivation of the footswitch will complete the ram cycle.

2.2 Run modes

Off: When the "Off" mode is selected, all Press Brake movement (up or down) is disabled. Only the hydraulic motor can be started when the Operating Mode switch is in this position.

Inch: When the Inch mode is selected, the Press Brake ram will descend when the palm buttons are actuated. Releasing the palm buttons will cause the ram to stop. Re-initiating the palm buttons will restart downward ram movement. At the bottom of stroke position the ram will stop, and must be raised by depressing the Ram Up button. This mode is useful for setting or changing tooling, and setting up a job.

Run 1: When the Run 1 mode is selected, the ram will descend when the dual palm buttons are depressed. When the dual palm buttons are released at any point during the down stroke, the ram will pause. Downward motion will resume when the dual palm buttons are re-activated. The ram will automatically return to the top of stroke position when the bottom stop position is reached.

Run 2: When the Run 2 mode is selected, the ram will descend when the dual palm buttons are depressed. When the dual palm buttons are released during the down stroke, or when the bottom stop position is reached, the ram will automatically return to the top of stroke position.

Run 3: When The Run 3 mode is selected, the ram will descend when the dual palm buttons are depressed. When the dual palm buttons are released during the down stroke, the ram will stop. When the ram reaches the bottom stop position, the ram may be "inched" up by "toggling the dual palm buttons. Run 3 will allow the operator control of the ram with the dual palm buttons during the return stroke

Slow Return

Slow return when selected, is a function where the ram will return slowly from the bottom of stroke to the original speed change point. Much like Run 3 mode, this feature is useful in having the work piece drop slowly for a preset distance.

Finishing Speed

Finishing speed is incorporated into the control configuration to permit the press brake ram to enter a slower pressing speed, enabling a greater degree of ram repeatability without the CNC control.

Steps for Entering Names and Numbers

Refer to the letters on the number keys to select the desire characters.

With each press of a numeric key, the displayed character appears in the following order: Number first, then the corresponding letter on the key (Upper Case only). After a character is entered, the cursor will automatically advance to the next position

	Number of Times Key is Depressed					
Keys	1 2 3 4					
1	1					
2ABC	2	Α	В	С		
3DEF	3	D	Е	F		
4GHI	4	G	Н	I		
5JKL	5	J	K	L		
6MNO	6	М	N	0		
7PQRS	7	Р	Q	R	S	
8TUV	8	Т	U	V		
9WXYZ	9	W	Х	Y	Z	
0	0					

If you make a mistake while entering a name

Use BKSP (Backspace) to move the cursor to the incorrect character, enter the correct character.

POWER UP

The following screens are displayed upon power up of the control



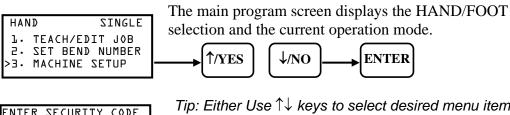
Depressing the START button on the console will start the main pump motor and initialize the control for operation or programming.

2.3 Machine set-up: (Security Code required for access)

Programming menu items are accessed with the RUN/PROGRAM key selector in the Program mode. Use the UP and DOWN arrow keys to select from the main program screen.

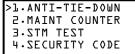


PROGRAM





Tip: Either Use $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to select desired menu item then Enter, or press number corresponding to desired menu item.



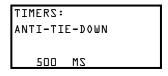
The MACHINE SETUP menu is for machine settings that can be modified by the user. The security code (9999 or code set by supervisor) must be entered to gain access to this screen. The security code field will accept up to six digits.

```
5.INCH/MM DISPLAY
6.MACHINE-COUNTER
7.HOUR METER
8.LIGHT CURTAIN
```



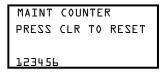
Tip: Either Use $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to select desired menu item then Enter, or press number corresponding to desired menu item.

>1 ANTI-TIE-DOWN



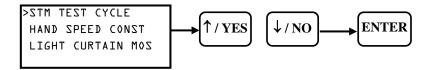
NOTE: 500 MS is a default parameter. This value may be changed for a specific job application if required.

>2 MAINT COUNTER

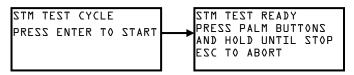


Cycle counter used for tracking maintenance intervals and may be reset by depressing the CLR (Clear) button..

>3 STM TEST (Stop Time Measurement)



>STM TEST CYCLE



>HAND SPEED CONST



NOTE: 63 in/sec is a default parameter. This value may be changed for a specific job application if required.

>LIGHT CURTAIN MOS (Minimum Object Sensitivity)



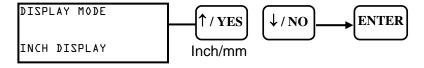
NOTE: This inch value is the minimum object sensitivity of the light curtain.

>4 SECURITY CODE



To change the security code, enter desired code. May be a combination of Alpha/Numeric symbols up to six digits long.. NOTE: Once this security code is changed, the default security code (9999) will not longer be active.

>5 INCH/MM DISPLAY



>6 MACHINE COUNTER

MACHINE COUNTER 12345678 PRESS ESC TO EXIT

Displays ram cycles and is not re-settable

>7 HOUR METER

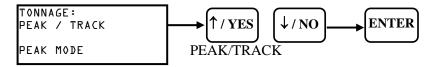
HOUR METER 1234567.1 PRESS ESC TO EXIT

Displays motor run hours and is not re-settable

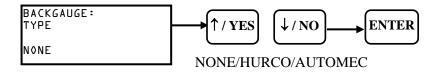
>8 LIGHT CURTAIN



>9 PEAK/TRACK

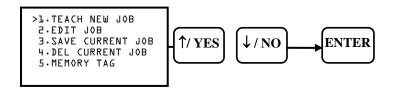


>0 BACKGAGUE

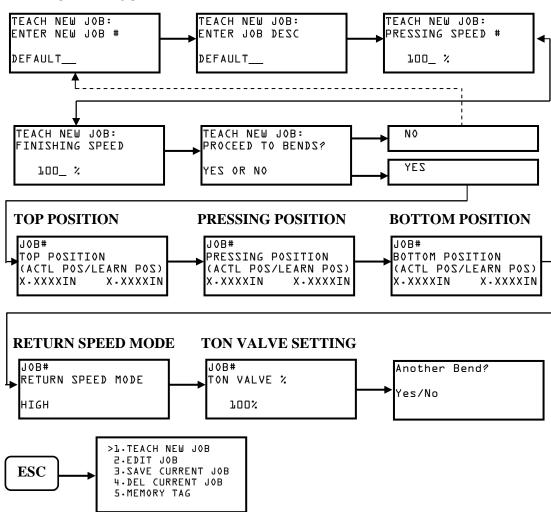


Programming Jobs (Key required for access)





>1 TEACH NEW JOB

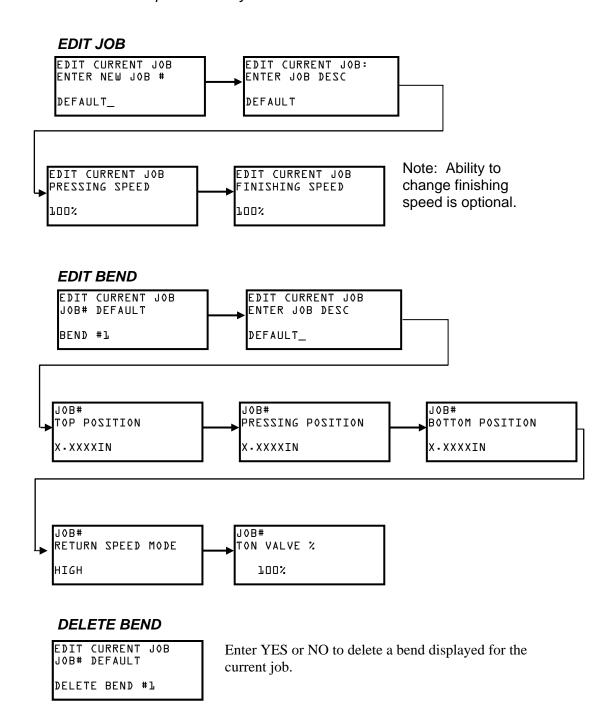


Press #3 to Save Job when complete, and press ESC to exit back to main menu.

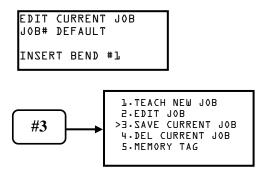
>2 EDIT JOB



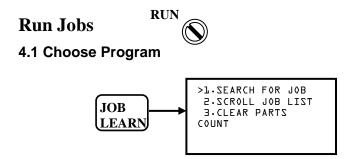
Tip: Use $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to select desired menu item then Enter.



INSERT BEND



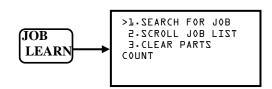
Save job when complete, and press ESC to exit back to main menu.



Choose Menu 1. or 2. to choose job to run.

Tip: Either Use $\uparrow \downarrow$ keys to select desired menu item then Enter, or press number corresponding to desired menu item.

4.2 Reset Parts Counter



Choose Menu 3. To clear parts counter.

Run job after making selection.

4.2. Setting Limits for Forming

WARNING: NEVER GRASP THE MATERIAL WITH FINGERS OR THUMBS ON TOP OF THE MATERIAL. IF WIDE SHEETS MUST BE HELD DURING FORMING, SUPPORT THE MATERIAL FROM BELOW WITH THE OPEN PALM, KEEPING FINGERS AND THUMBS UNDER THE MATERIAL. KEEP ALL PARTS OF THE BODY CLEAR OF THE UPWARD TRAVEL OF THE MATERIAL

Programming a Simple Job

- 1. Start Press Brake motor by depressing the green START button.
- 2. Rotate keyed Programming switch to "PROG" (program) Mode.
- 3. Press #1 on keypad.
- 4. On new screen, ensure arrow is on #1 (>1), press ENTER.
- 5. Key in a job number (max 11 characters) and press ENTER.
- 6. Key in a job description (max 21 characters) and press ENTER (To bypass description screen, press CLR (clear) then ENTER)
- 7. Key in Pressing Speed to desired value and press ENTER.
- 8. Key in Finishing Speed to desired value and press ENTER.
- 9. Press "Yes" button to proceed to bends.
- 10. Key in desired Top of Stroke position and press ENTER –or-Move press ram to desired position, then press JOB LEARN button to save position. Press ENTER.
- 11. Key in desired Speed Change position and press ENTER –or-Move press ram to desired position, then press JOB LEARN button to save position. Press ENTER.
- 12. Key in desired Bottom of Stroke position and press ENTER –or-Move press ram to desired position, then press JOB LEARN button to save position. Press ENTER.
- 13. Select Return Speed mode by toggling the UP or DOWN arrows and press ENTER.
- 14. Set Bend Tonnage (if equipped) and press ENTER.
- 15. To program additional bends, press YES and repeat steps 7-15.
- 16. If additional bends are not required, press NO.
- 17. Press #3 to save job.
- 18. Rotate Keyed Programming switch to "RUN" Mode and cycle press.

Edit a Bend

- 1. With Press Brake motor running and current job enabled, Rotate keyed Programming switch to "PROG" (program) Mode.
- 2. Press #1 on keypad.
- 3. On new screen, ensure arrow is on "EDIT BEND" (>EDIT BEND), press ENTER.
- 4. Arrow to EDIT BEND and press ENTER
- 5. Arrow to desired bend number (or bend function) and press ENTER,
- 6. If editing ram position, use either arrow key for minute position changes or program new ram position and press ENTER
- 7. Rotate keyed Program switch to "RUN"

Recalling a Job

- 1. Start Press Brake motor by depressing the green START button.
- 2. Rotate keyed Programming switch to "RUN" Mode.
- 3. Press "JOB/LEARN" button on keypad.
- 4. Select from Three Options:
 - a. SEARCH FOR JOB
 - b. SCROLL JOB LIST
 - c. CLEAR PARTS COUNT
- 5. Choose the desired option by depressing the corresponding number on the keypad or by depressing the "↑" or "↓" arrow keys until the desired job has a ">" next to it. Proceed as follows:

Search For Job Option

- 1. Enter job name/number or beginning search string identifier and press ENTER on keypad.
- 2. Depress the "↑" or "↓" arrow keys until the desired job has a ">" next to it and press ENTER.
- 3. Press ESC twice to return to the RUN screen.
- 4. Job is active and may be "run."

Scroll For Job Option

- 1. Displays complete database in alphabetical/numeric order.
- 2. Depress the "↑" or "↓" arrow keys until the desired job has a ">" next to it and press ENTER.
- 3. Press ESC twice to return to the RUN screen.
- 4. Job is active and may be "run."

Clear Parts Count

- 1. Permits the parts counter to be reset.
- 2. Follow onscreen instructions.
- 3. After confirming clear, press ESC on keypad until standard RUN screen is displayed.

4.

Steps To Turn Off A CNC Control In Gen II

- 1. Rotate keyed selector switch to PROGRAM
- 2. Type "3" for MACHINE SETUP
- 3. Enter Supervisor Code and press "ENTER"
- 4. Use ↑ and ↓ until ">" is to the left of BACK GAUGE option and press ENTER
- 5. Use \uparrow and \downarrow until NONE is showing and press ENTER
- 6. Press ESC

NOTE: The press will not cycle until the CNC bypass jumper "Plug" replaces the CNC interface plug. The bypass plug is located inside the main press brake electrical enclosure. Unplug the CNC connector and replace with the bypass plug for Generation II control.

Steps To Turn On A CNC Control In Gen II

- 1. Rotate keyed selector switch to PROGRAM
- 2. Type "3" for MACHINE SETUP
- 3. Enter Supervisor Code and press ENTER
- 4. Use \uparrow and \downarrow until ">" is to the left of BACK GAUGE option and press ENTER
- 5. Use ↑ and ↓ until AUTOMEC or HURCO is showing and press ENTER
- 6. Press ESC Only option 3-MACHINE SETUP should be available now
- 7. Rotate keyed selector switch to RUN
- 8. CNC is in control.

Change Speed When A 3rd Party CNC Is Running:

- 1. Rotate keyed selector switch to PROGRAM
- 2. Type "3" for MACHINE SETUP
- 3. Enter Supervisor Code and press "ENTER"
- 4. Use \uparrow and \downarrow until ">" is to the left of BACK GAUGE option and press ENTER
- 5. Use \uparrow and \downarrow until NONE is showing and press ENTER
- 6. Press ESC
- 7. Type "1" for TEACH/EDIT JOB
- 8. Type "2" for EDIT CURRENT JOB
- 9. Use \uparrow and \downarrow until ">" is to the left of EDIT JOB and press ENTER
- 10. Press ENTER until PRESSING SPEED is displayed
- 11. Type in desired Pressing Speed % and press ENTER
- 12. Press ESC three times until Main Program Menu is showing
- 13. Type "3" for MACHINE SETUP
- 14. Enter Supervisor Code and press ENTER
- 15. Use ↑ and ↓ until ">" is to the left of BACK GAUGE option and press ENTER
- 16. Use ↑ and ↓ until AUTOMEC or HURCO is showing and press ENTER
- 17. Press ESC Only option 3-MACHINE SETUP should be available now
- 18. Rotate keyed selector switch to RUN
- 19. CNC is in control.

Procedure for setting the LOWER RAM LIMIT for AUTOMEC CNC Back Gauges

- 1. Assuming that AUTOMEC has been chosen as the Back Gauge in the 3-MACHINE SETUP menu
- 2. Turn the key switch to PROGRAM
- 3. Type "3" for the 3-MACHINE SETUP menu
- 4. Enter the Supervisor Code (factory default is 9999) and hit ENTER
- 5. Use the \uparrow or \downarrow buttons until the ">" is next to LOWER RAM LIMIT and hit ENTER
- 6. Change the LOWER RAM LIMIT to 0", this moves the Generation II LOWER RAM LIMIT out of the way and hit ENTER

CAUTION – This overrides the factory set LOWER RAM LIMIT and can allow the user to bottom out the cylinder!

- 7. ESC out to the menu which shows 3-MACHINE SETUP
- 8. Change the run MODE to INCH or RUN 3 Mode that stops the machine at the bottom of stroke
- 9. Turn the key switch to RUN
- 10. Setup and run job using the AUTOMEC CNC
- 11. At the bottom of stroke, note the scale reading shown on the dual palm pedestal
- 12. Complete the stroke
- 13. Turn the key to PROGRAM
- 14. Type "3" for 3-MACHINE SETUP menu
- 15. Enter the Supervisor Code and hit ENTER
- 16. Use ↓ to get to LOWER RAM LIMIT and hit ENTER
- 17. Change the LOWER RAM LIMIT to a number that does not interfere with the AUTOMEC's control of the bottom of the bend but meets the following AUTOMEC instructions:

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE TO PRESS BRAKE OPERATORS AND SET UP PERSONNEL

ALWAYS SET PRESS BRAKE LOWER RAM LIMIT WITH PUNCH AND DIE IN PLACE BEFORE OPERATING SYSTEM. SET LOWER RAM LIMIT TO ALLOW FOR THE DEEPEST BEND BUT NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO ALLOW A PUNCH / DIE COLLISION. BE SURE TO ALLOW FOR MATERIAL THICKNESS.

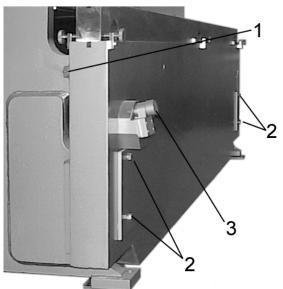
THIS **IMPORTANT SAFETY BACK UP** GUARDS AGAINST PROGRAMMING ERRORS AND SYSTEM MALFUNCTION.

CAUTION - This allows the user to override the factory set LOWER RAM LIMIT!

- 18. Hit ESC to get out of MACHINE SETUP menu
- 19. Turn the key to RUN
- 20. Machine is ready to run

4.3. Bed Leveling Adjustment

Located on the left-hand side when facing the front of the machine, is the Bed Leveling Adjustment Assembly. The Bed Leveling Assembly provides a means of adjusting the Ram to Bed parallelism, adjustment also permits an out of parallel condition to produce tapered bends.



Item	Description
1	Rear Bed Holding
	Bolt
2	Front Bed Holding
	Bolt
3	Bed Adjusting Bolt

Figure 8: Bed Tilt Wedge Assembly

The following steps represent the typical bed leveling procedure.

- 1. To adjust the bed, loosen the six bed holding bolts. Two are located on the rear side of the bed, one on each end of the press. The other four are located front side of the bed, two on each end of the bed. (See Figure 8 Items 1 & 2).
- 2. Rotate the adjusting bolt clockwise to lift the bed and counterclockwise to lower. (See Figure 8 Item 3).
- 3. Snug the bed holding bolts. The bed holding bolts should only be snug enough to compress the lock washers, but should not be over tightened. (See Figure 8 Item 1 & 2)

Note: Do not adjust bed tilt with the bed under load.

4.4. Tooling Installation

Before attempting to install, set or remove any dies from the press brake, the safety section of this manual must be read and understood.

The exact procedure for installation, setting and removal of dies may vary with the type of die used. The following steps are a generalized representation and may be tempered to suit the particular application, though not to the extent of being unsafe.

Always review the instructions provided in this manual and observe the press brake safety rules!

NEVER install chipped, cracked, or damaged dies.

Insure that the die is of the correct size and type for the press brake, reducing the risk of overloading the machine.

Insure that no tools, bolts or other obstructions are in the die area prior to operating the press brake.

Locate any available safety handling tools required.

Keep the floor and surrounding area clean and free of obstruction, debris and oil.

4.4.1. Press Brake Preparation

- 1. Start the hydraulic power unit.
- 2. Lower the ram to the bottom position.
- 3. Remove all power from the press brake.
- 4. Turn the operating mode switch to the Off position.

4.4.2. Die Insertion

- NEVER at any time allow fingers or hands to be between the dies.
- 1. Insure that the Press Brake Preparation procedure has been completed before continuing with the insertion of dies.
- 2. Loosen the die rail set screws and punch clamps.
- 3. Insert the lower die from the end of the press brake, leaving several inches overhanging the end of the bed
- 4. Compare the distance between the ram and the lower die to the punch height, verifying sufficient clearance for insertion of the punch.
- 5. Adjust the position of the ram as required to allow the punch to rest on the lower die with the tongue of the die engaged in the punch clamp.

- 6. Safely transport the punch to the press brake and rest it on the extended portion of the lower die, aligning the tongue of the punch with the ram groove.
- 7. Slide the punch into the punch clamp groove aligning the ends of the punch and lower dies.
- 8. Adjust the ram bottom position to make the dies "kiss," forcing the punch to fully engage in the punch clamp groove.
- 9. Tighten the punch clamps and the die rail set screws, securing the dies in the press brake.
- 10. Return the ram to the up position.

4.4.3. Tooling Removal

- NEVER at any time allow fingers or hands to be between the dies.
- 1. Lower the ram to have a few thousandths gap between the punch and lower die.
- 2. Loosen the die rail set screws and punch clamps.
- 3. Raise the ram position slightly upward and verify that the punch will remain resting in the lower die. If not, the punch clamps may require further loosening.
- 4. If additional clearance is required to allow die removal, adjust the ram position to loosen the die yet keep it well confined.
- 5. With the punch partially disengaged and guided in the loosened punch clamps, push both the upper and lower dies several inches out the end of the press brake. With hands at the end of the dies, push the dies from the end. NEVER place hands or fingers between the dies.
- 6. Properly position the die transport device at the end of the press brake to accept the punch.
- 7. With hands at the end of the punch, push the punch towards the transport device, allowing several inches to remain in the punch clamp.
- 8. Prepare the transport device to completely support the punch, securing the punch from falling as required.
- 9. Position the transport device to accept the lower die and slide it from the bed.

4.4.4. Tool Adjustments

The following steps are a generalized representation and may be tempered to suit the particular application though not to the extent of being unsafe. It is a good practice to allow for several sample parts during set up operation, lowering the ram in small increments until the desired bend is achieved without overloading the machine.

- 1. Insert a sample piece of material.
- 2. Adjust the ram limit switches as required (*See section Error! Reference source not found.*) until the desired bend angle is attained. Avoid *overadjusting* the ram.

Note: Shimming may be required to compensate for punch and die wear and any bed or ram deflection.

4.4.5. Tonnage Requirements

See bending tonnage chart located on side of press brake for approximate bending requirements.

4.5. Die Rail Shimming

The Piranha 135 Press Brake is manufactured without a crown in the bed. Occasionally due to deflection, shimming may be required. If shimming is required under the die rail, shims must be placed in progressively thicker increments from each end of the bed (see Figure 9). Typically, shimming is required to compensate for bed deflection and must be performed by trained personnel. The following diagram is for reference purposes only as each application will have different requirements.

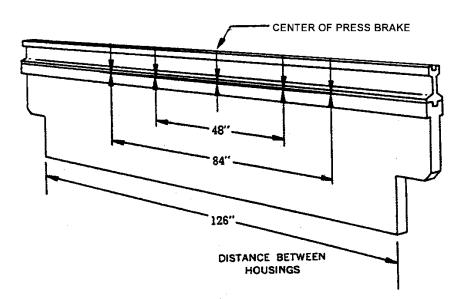


Figure 9: Die Rail Shimming Example

5. Maintenance Procedures

BEFORE MAINTAINING OR REPAIRING THE PRESS BRAKE, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CURRENT ANSI B11.3 STANDARD.

This section describes the procedures and requirements for maintaining and repairing the major components of the Piranha 135 Press Brake.

5.1. Maintenance Schedule

This section outlines the suggested points and intervals for regular scheduled maintenance. The hydraulic power unit is very sensitive to dirt and other contaminants, but will provide many years of reliable service with a minimum amount of service. The operating temperature and the cleanliness of the oil directly affect the life of the hydraulic oil. Regular oil and filter changes will keep the system clean and free of sticking and clogged valves. Because hydraulic cylinders are lubricated with every stroke, keeping them clean and free of scratches and dings that may damage the cylinder rod seals is most important.

The Piranha 135 Press Brake is shipped with an extra hydraulic oil filter. It is important that after the first forty hours of operation the oil filter be replaced. Upon using the included extra oil filter it is suggested that a replacement filter be ordered for the next scheduled filter change.

See parts list for correct filter part number.

- 1. After First 40 hours:
 - Change hydraulic filter
 - Check fluid level
 - Check gib clearances
 - Grease ram slides
 - Clean oil cooler by blowing air through radiator portion of the cooler
 - Check fittings, bolts, nuts for tightness
- 2. Every 40 hours (weekly) thereafter:
 - Grease ram slides.
 - Clean oil cooler by blowing air through radiator portion of the cooler
 - Check fittings, bolts, nuts for tightness
- 3. Every 3 months:
 - Change hydraulic filter

It is recommended that the filter element be changed every 3 months depending on workload and environmental conditions. See repair parts list for re-ordering instructions and the part number.

- Check hydraulic fluid level
- Check gib clearances
- 4. Every Year:
 - Grease electric motor
- 5. Every Two (2) years:
 - Change hydraulic fluid

5.2. Gib Clearance Adjustment

Proper maintenance of the gibs will require periodic adjustment of the gib clearances.

5.2.1. Gib Adjustment

- 1. Position the press brake ram so the ram slide is in full contact with the gibs.
- 2. Loosen the Rear Adjustment Screw Jam Nuts on both ends of the press brake. (See Figure 10 Item 1)
- 3. Using a torque wrench of the correct torque range, torque the top and bottom setscrews to 150-in. lbs. (12.5-ft. lbs.).
- 4. Tighten the remaining setscrews (between top and bottom set screws) to the same torque.
- 5. <u>Repeat steps 2 & 3.</u>
- 6. Back off the set screws 1/8 turn and the tighten jam nuts.
- 7. Repeat this procedure for the other end of the press brake.

5.2.2. Side Thrust Gib Adjustment

- 1. Position the press brake ram so the ram slide is in full contact with the gibs.
- 2. Verify that the ram is aligned with the bed (left to right).
- 3. Loosen the Slide Mounting Bracket Jam Nuts on both ends of the press brake. (See Figure 10 Item 2)
- 4. Using a torque wrench of the correct torque range, torque the top and bottom setscrews to 150-in. lbs. (12.5-ft. lbs.).
- 5. Repeat step 3 on opposite end of the press brake.
- 6. Tighten the remaining setscrews (between the top and bottom setscrews) to the same torque.
- 7. Repeat step 3 on the opposite end of the press brake.
- 8. Re-torque the set screws on both ends of the press brake.
- 9. Back off the setscrews 1/8 turn and tighten the jam nuts on <u>left side of the press only</u>.
- 10. Tighten the jam nuts on the right side of the press brake.

5.3. Ram Slides



Figure 10: Gib Explanation

5.4. Hydraulic Power Unit

The hydraulic power unit is a sophisticated and complex system. Only trained personnel should attempt to perform adjustment procedures on the unit. The power unit generates very high pressures. **Never check for leaks using hands.**

Before servicing the hydraulic system, block the ram and turn power off.

5.4.1. Oil Filter Replacement

Verify the exact element number prior to ordering the replacement element.

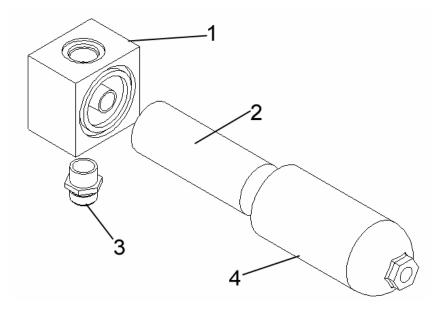


Figure 11: Oil Filter Assembly Exploded View

Item	Description
1	Filter Body
2	Filter Element
3	Fitting - inlet
4	Filter Bowl

Table 3: Oil Filter Assembly Descriptions

The following steps represent a typical filter element replacement.

- 1. Insure the main electric power is locked out at the safety disconnect.
- 2. Place a small container (½-gallon) under the filter bowl.
- 3. Remove the filter bowl by turning in a counterclockwise direction.
- 4. Remove the filter element by pulling and turning at the same time.
- 5. Lubricate the O-ring on the new filter with hydraulic oil and slide into place.
- 6. Wipe the inside of the filter element bowl; lubricate the O-ring and replace.

6. Hydraulic & Electrical Diagrams

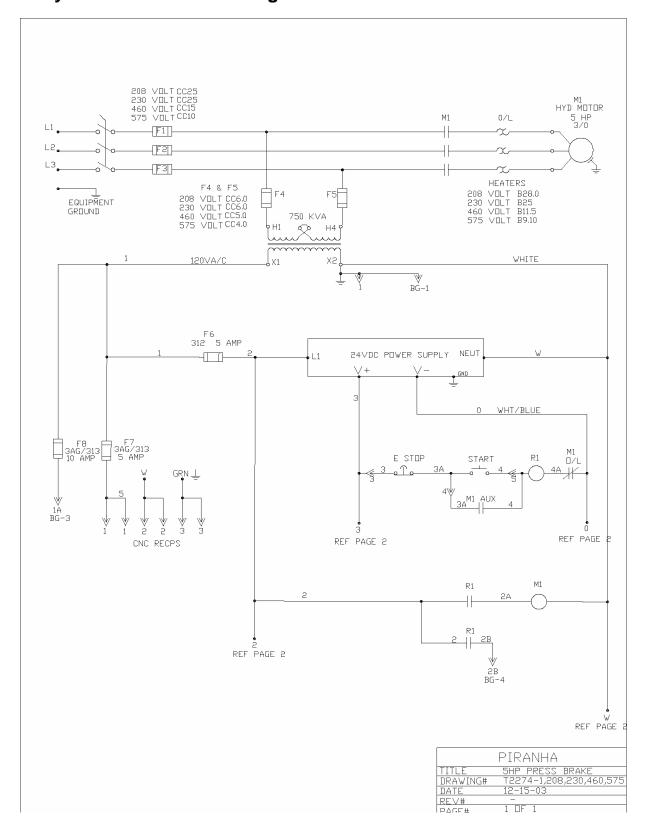


Figure 12: Electrical Diagram 1 of 4

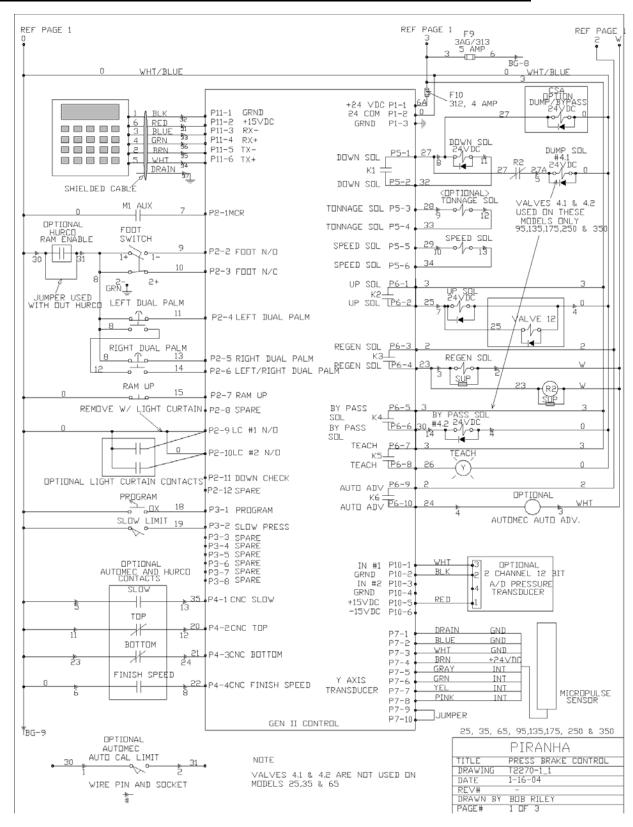


Figure 13: Electrical Diagram 2 of 4

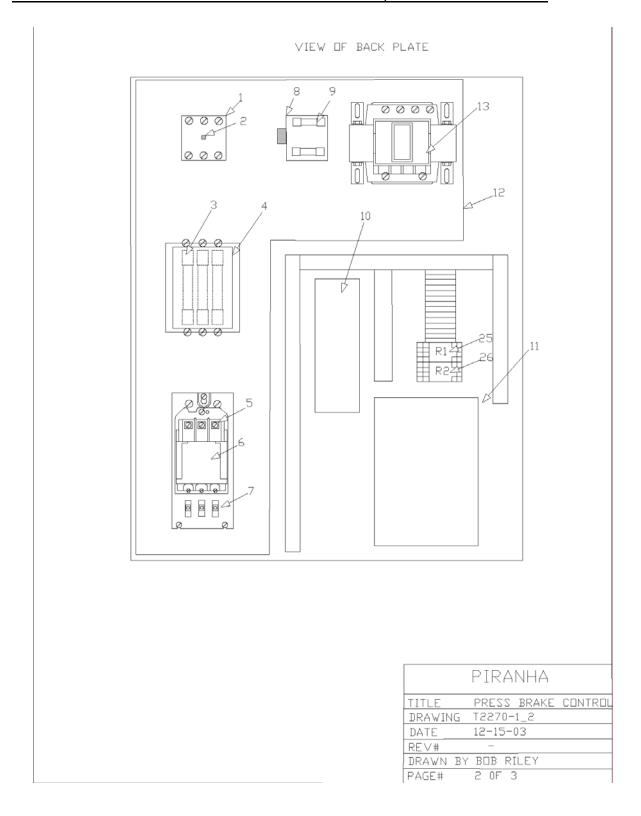
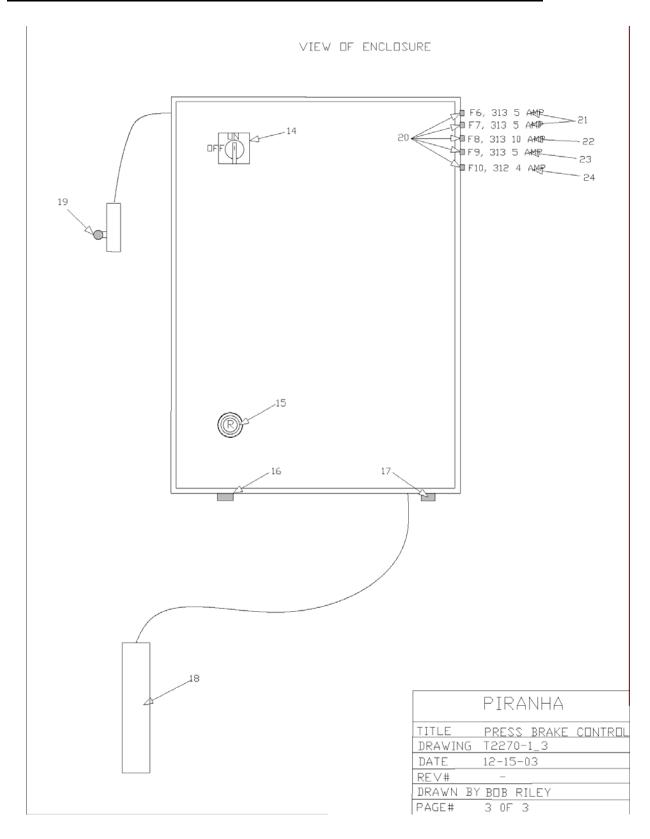


Figure 14: Electrical Diagram 3 of 4

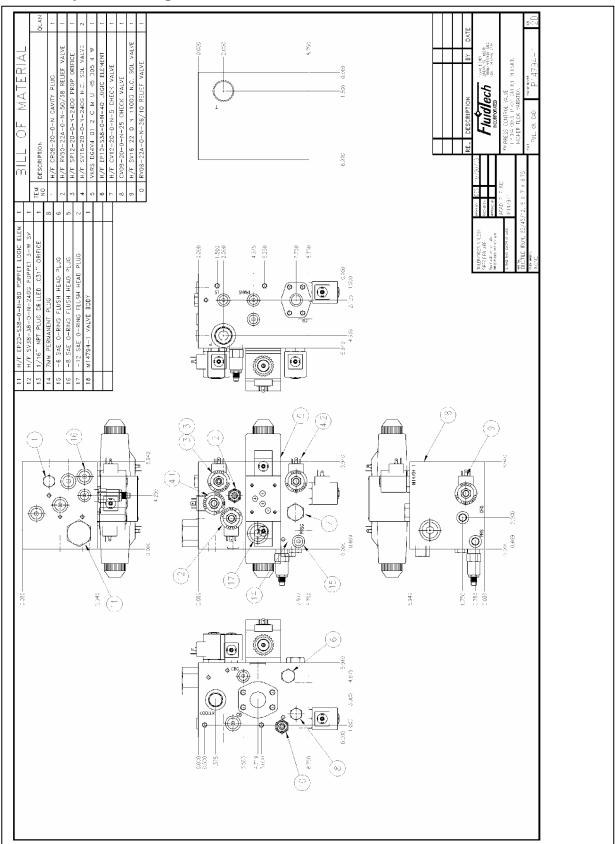


Electrical Diagram 4 of 4

Electrical Parts List

DESCRIPTION	QTY	HP/VOLTAGE	PIRANHA PT#	FIG. #
DISCONNECT	1	20 HP 208V	591602	1
DISCONNECT	1	20 HP 230V	591602	1
DISCONNECT	1	20 HP 460V	531605	1
DISCONNECT	1	20 HP 575V	531605	1
DISCONNECT SHAFT	1	ALL	O591602	2
FUSES, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	3	20HP 208V	T0781	3
FUSES, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	3	20HP 230V	T0780	3
FUSES, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	3	20HP460V	T0777	3
FUSES, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	3	20HP 575V	T0775	3
FUSE BLOCK, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	1	20HP 208V	T0784	4
FUSE BLOCK, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	1	20HP 230V	T0784	4
FUSE BLOCK, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	1	20HP 460V	T0782	4
FUSE BLOCK, MOTOR SHORT CIRCUIT	1	20HP 575V	T0783	4
STARTER, M1	1	20HP 208V	T0729	5
STARTER, M1	1	20HP 230V	T0729	5
STARTER, M1	1	20HP 460V	T2257	5
STARTER, M1	1	20HP 575V	T2257	5
STARTER AUX. CONTACT BLOCK	1	ALL	T2253	6
HEATERS, OVERLOAD, MOTOR M1	3	20HP 208V	T0786	7
HEATERS, OVERLOAD, MOTOR M1	3	20HP 230V	T0788	7
HEATERS, OVERLOAD, MOTOR M1	3	20HP 460V	O531638	7
HEATERS, OVERLOAD, MOTOR M1	3	20HP 575V	T2258	7
FUSE HOLDER, TRANSFORMER PRIMARY	1	ALL	T1302	8
TRANSFORMER PRIMARY FUSES	2	ALL HP 208/230V	T1138	9
TRANSFORMER PRIMARY FUSES	2	ALL HP 460V	T1139	9
TRANSFORMER PRIMARY FUSES	2	ALL HP 575V	T2279	9
POWER SUPPLY, 24VDC	1	ALL	T2560	10
GENERATION II CONTROL MODULE	1	ALL	T2267	11
MOTOR POWER SUB BACK PLATE	1	ALL	T2323-A	12
TRANSFORMER	1	20HP 208V	T1134	13
TRANSFORMER	1	20HP 230V	T1135	13
TRANSFORMER	1	20HP 460V	T1135	13
TRANSFORMER	1	20HP 575V	T1136	13
DISCONNECT OPERATOR	1	ALL	O531604	14
RESET BUTTON W/ SHAFT	1	ALL	O531686-1	15
RECP.,DUAL PALM	1	ALL	T1311	16
RECP., LIGHT CURTAIN	1	ALL	T2561	17
MICRO PULSE SCALE	1	ALL	T1976	18
LIMIT SWITCH	1	ALL	O531615	19
FUSE HOLDER, CONTROL AND AUTOMEC CNC	2	ALL	T0733	20
FUSE, CONTROL AND AUTOMEC CNC	2	ALL	T01140	21

6.2. Hydraulic Diagram



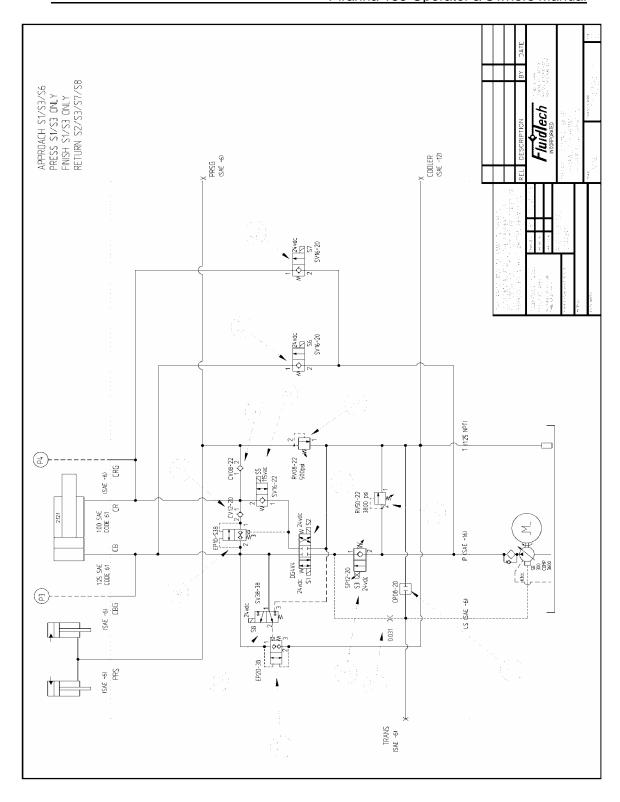


Figure 15: Hydraulic Diagram 1 of 1

7. Parts

Diagrams are provided for the major assemblies of the press brake. The accompanying parts lists provide item references and descriptions. Part numbers and quantities are provided only where applicable.

Repair parts are available for the Piranha 135 Press Brake from the manufacturer. Always provide the model and complete serial number of the press brake along with the part number description and quantity of the desired parts.

7.1. Ram Linkage

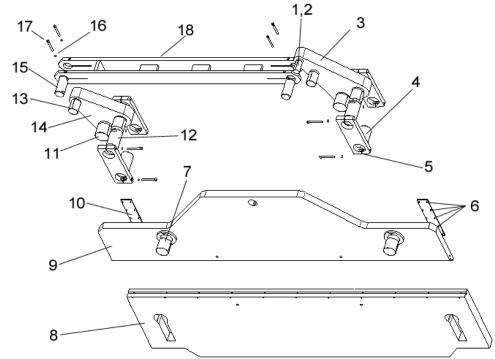


Figure 16: Ram Linkage

Item	Description	Part #	Qty.
1	Cylinder Lever Fiber-Glide Bushing	T281-3	1
2	Cylinder Lever Pin	T12329	1
3	Long Lever	T12310	1
4	Linkage Pin	T12332	4
5	Link	T12325	4
6	Brass Screws ¼ x ½	T0070	20
7	Link Ram Fiber-Glide Bushing	T287-5	4
8	Bed	T12318	1
9	Ram	T0679	1
10	Ram Phenolic	T06783	2
11	Hinge Pin Fiber-Glide	T287-4	2
12	Hinge Pin	T12331	2
13	C-Rod Fiber-Glide	T281-4	2
14	Short Lever	T12311	1
15	C-Rod Pin	T12334	2
16	Lock Washer	T0709	12
17	1/2 X 5 SHCS	0571055	12
18	C-Rod	Т	1

7.2. Hydraulic Assemblies

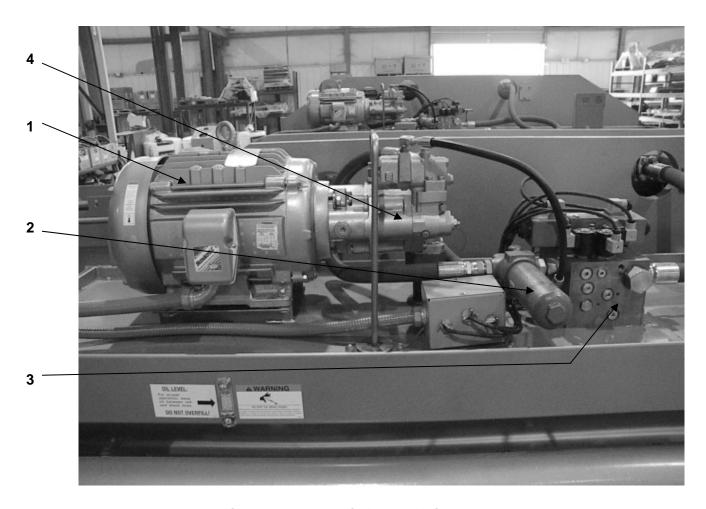


Figure 17: Hydraulic Power Unit

Item	Description	Part #	Qty.
1	/Motor		
	20 HP - 208 Volt	0571662-2	1
	20 HP - 220/440 Volt	0571660-2	1
	20 HP – 575 Volt	0571665-2	1
2	Filter Assembly	0591550	1
3	Valvepak Assembly	T2271	1
4	Pump	Т	1
	Cylinder Assembly	Т	1
			1
			1
	Cylinder Seal Kit	Т	1

Table 4: Hydraulic Power Unit Descriptions

7.3. Ram Slides



Figure 18: Gib Parts

Item	Description	Part #	Qty
30-1	Side/Rear Ram Slide Bearing	T0682	4
30-2	Grease Zerk 1/3" pipe	0531360	2
30-3	Ram Slide Right (Opposite End)	T0672	1
30-3	Ram Slide Left	T0673	1
30-4	Slide Mounting Bracket	T0681	2
30-5	3/8 x 3 ½ SHCS	0521030	12
30-6	Rear/ Side Adjustment Screw	T0078	28
	3/8 X 2-1/4 SSS		
30-7	Rear/Side Adjustment Nut	0531210	28

7.4. Filter Assembly

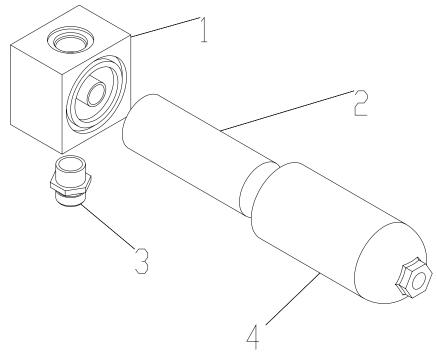


Figure 19: Oil Filter Assembly Exploded View-0591550-1

Figure-Item	Description	Part #
31-1 & 4	Filter Body & Bowl	0591550-1
31-2	Filter Element	0591551-1
31-3	Fitting – inlet	Т



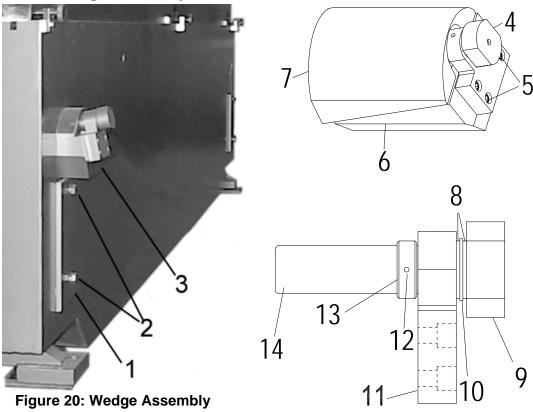


Figure-Item	Description	Qty.	Part #
32-1	Key plate	2	T2767
32-2	5/8 x 2 SHCS	4	T0080
32-2	5/8 LW	4	0531304
32-3	Wedge assembly	1	T2742
32-4	Wedge adjustment bolt assembly Hem 8-12	1	T0620
32-5	SHCS 3/8 – 16 x 1-1/4	1	05131051
32-6	Wedge bottom half	1	T2746
32-7	Wedge top half	4	T2745
32-8	Wedge thrust washer	2	T462
32-9	Wedge bolt and nut assembly 175	1	T0610
32-10	Wedge thrust bearing	1	T440
32-11	Wedge bottom plate 175	1	T2749
32-12	Roll pin 1/8 x 1-1/2	1	T0694
32-13	Wedge adjust bolt	1	T2750
32-14	Wedge bolt nut	1	T2753

7.6. Die Rail Centering Screw Assembly

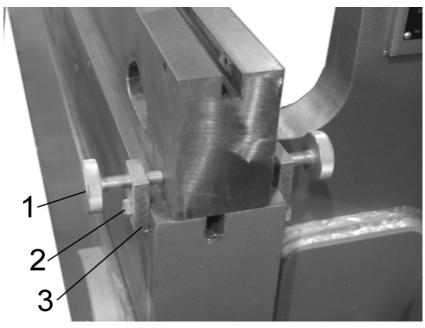


Figure 21: Die Rail Centering Screw Assembly

Figure-Item	Description	Qty.	Part #
33-1	Die Rail Adjusting Hand Screw	6	T0056
33-2	3/8"-16 x 1-1/2" HHCS	6	T0186
33-3	Die Rail Adjusting Block	6	T9202

7.7. Punch Clamp Assembly

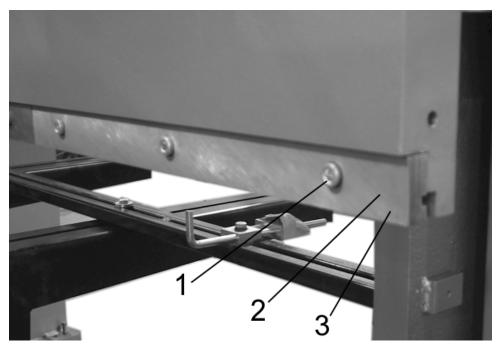


Figure 22: Punch Clamp Assembly

Figure - Item	Description	Qty	Part #
35-1	1/2-13 x 1-1/2" Socket Head Cap Screws	18	T0474
35-2	Punch Clamp Spring	12	T0050
35-3	Punch Clamp	6	T2321

7.8. Backstop Assembly

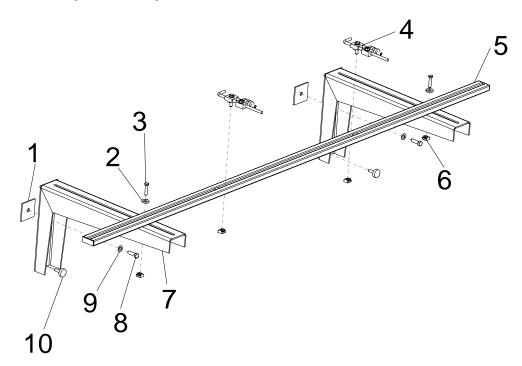


Figure 23: Back Gauge Assembly T14-805

Figure - Item	Description	Qty	Part #
36-1	Spacer Plate, Back Gauge	2	T9655
36-2	½" Flat Washer, ¼" Thick, 1-1/2" OD	2	T0057
36-3	HHCS ½" x 2-¼"	2	0581108
36-4	Back Stop Finger Assembly	2	T14-995
36-5	Back Stop Bar Weldment	1	T37231
36-6	T-Nut 5/8"	2	0531723
36-7	Back Gauge Mount Bracket Weldment	2	T37311
36-8	HHCS 5/8" x 2"	2	T0080
36-9	Washer 5/8"	2	0531311
36-10	Hand Adjusting Screw	2	T0056

7.9. Back Stop Finger Assembly

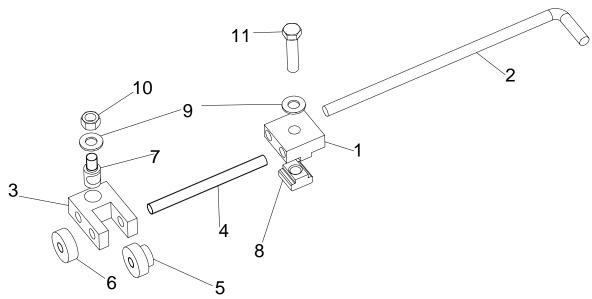


Figure 24: Back Stop Finger Assembly T14-995

Figure - Item	Description	Qty	Part #
37-1	Mounting Block Top	1	T9048
37-2	Back Stop Finger Bar	1	T3801
37-3	Adjusting Block	1	T0084
37-4	Adjusting Bar	1	T0086
37-5	Adjusting Nut	1	T0087
37-6	Locking Nut	1	T0088
37-7	Locking Bolt	1	T0085
37-8	T-Nut 5/8	1	0531723
37-9	Flat Washer 1/2"	2	T0057
37-10	Hex Nut 1/2"	1	0581195
37-11	HHCS 1/2 x 2-1/4	1	0581108

7.10. Die Rail

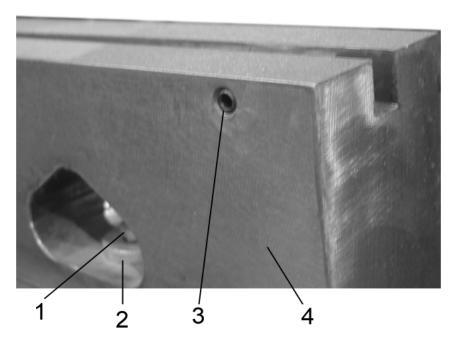


Figure 25: Die Rail

Figure-Item	Description	Qty.	Part #
38-1	½" x 2 ¾" HHCS	3	0581105
38-2	½" Hard Flat Washer	3	T0057
38-3	3/8"-16 x 3/4" SSS Cup Point	26	0531056
38-4	Die Rail 135-10	1	T2328

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8. Glossary

AC Motor An electric motor designed to operate using

AC power.

Accuracy The deviation of a value from its theoretical

value after the device has been correctly

calibrated.

Air Bending The forming of sheet pr plate using a "V" die

where the desired angle is achieved before the work pieces is compressed between the

upper and lower tools.

Ambient Condition The surrounding atmosphere and

environment.

ANSI American National Standards Institute. A

national, nonprofit organization. Its principle function is to establish industry-wide standards that are put in place through a process of consensus among qualified

participants.

Backlash Mechanical clearances that exists or may

develop through wear between a driven

component and a drive source.

Ball Bushing/Linear Bearing A tubular shaped ball bearing assembly

designed for linear movement on a shaft.

Bed The stationary member of the press brake

that supports the tooling and other

associated equipment.

Bolster (bolster plate)The plate(s) attached to the bed or ram

having means for attaching die components.

Bottom Bending The forming of sheet or plate using "V" die

where e desired angel is completed after the work piece is compressed between the upper and lower tools. Typically requires 3-5 times

the tonnage for air bending.

C Frame Vertical side frame of the press brake.

Circuit Breaker A device used with electrical equipment to

provide overload protection.

Closed Height See shut height.

CoiningA method of bottom bending were additional

force is applied during the bend to make the work piece conform to the shape of the upper and lower tools. Typically uses "V" dies with opening of 6 times the material thickness and requires 5-7 the tonnage for air bending.

Coupling (Shaft) A mechanical device used to join a motor

output shaft to a machine part, typically a

roller.

Cycle A series of events or operations that recur

regularly and usually lead back to the start.

Cylinder A piston-type actuator.

DC Power Supply

An electrical device used to convert incoming

AC power to regulated DC power.

Die (s)The tooling used in a press brake for forming

metal.

Die HolderThe plate or rail to which the lower portion of

the die member is attached.

Die rail See die holder.

Die Shimming *Method to raise for fill a void between two*

surfaces. Typically used to compensate for

machine deflection or worn tooling.

Die Space The space between the bed and ram.

Dies, Bending Dies used in press brakes to perform

bending and forming operations on a variety

of work pieces.

Electrical Spike An unpredictable and infrequent momentary

high electrical voltage which can harm

electrical/electronic devices.

Encoder A device typically electromechanical, that

translates motion into electrical pulses. See also Resolver, Tachometer, or Transducer.

Feedback The return to an input of a part of the output

of a machine or control system, or process.

Fuse Electrical overload protection device.

Fuse Block A holder for a fuse or fuses including wire

termination.

Gauge A stop against which the material or

workpiece is placed to locate it within the

point of operation.

Gibs The machine members used for guiding the

ram.

Grease zerk Fitting designed to accept grease for

lubricating components.

Hydraulics The branch of mechanics, which uses

controlled hydraulic oil flow, and pressure to

provide force to an actuator.

Inertia A property of matter by which it stays at rest

or in uniform motion in the same straight line

unless acted on by an external force.

Lifting lugs Steel plates with large holes that are

attached to the press brake to assist in lifting

the machine.

Limit Switch Typically, an electrical device that provides

position information to a control system.

Low VoltageA voltage reading that is lower than the

required or expected voltage.

Machinist Square Level Machinists level having four sides. Permits'

measuring vertical surfaces as well as

horizontal surfaces.

Motor Starter A relay capable of withstanding inductive

load generated when starting an electric

motor (AC or DC).

Open Loop A control concept in which feedback is not

used to modify the characteristics of the

output.

Operator Interface Typically, a control or control panel provided

for an operator to modify or monitor system

variables.

Photo Sensor An electronic sensor that uses light

wavelengths to detect the position or

presence of an object.

Point of Operation The location in the press brake where the

material or a workpiece is positioned and

work is performed.

Pressure Reducer Typically, a hydraulic component that senses

secondary pressure to maintain that output

pressure regardless of the incoming

pressure.

Pressure Relief Typically, a hydraulic component that uses a

spring to hold an orifice closed until system pressure overcomes the spring and allows

flow to the reservoir.

Proximity SensorAn electrical device capable of detecting the

presence of an object.

PSI Acronym. Available Force expressed in

Pounds per Square Inch

Punch The male part of the tool (die).

Pushbutton A small button or knob actuated by pushing,

provided for operator control, electrical,

pneumatic, or mechanical.

Ram The linear moving press brake member

configured to carry a portion of the tooling.

Relay An electromechanical device for remote or

automatic control that is actuated in variation of conditions of an electrical circuit and that operates other devices in an electrical circuit.

Repeatability The closeness of agreement among multiple

measurements of an output, for the same value of the measured signal under the same operating conditions, approaching from the same direction for full range traverses.

Reset To restart or arm a control or safety system.

RPM Acronym. Rotational speed expressed as

Revolutions per Minute.

Safeguarding A method for protection of personnel from

hazards using guards, safety devices, or safe

work procedures.

Selector Switch A small button or knob actuated by turning,

provided for operator control, electrical,

pneumatic, or mechanical.

Service (Safety) Disconnect Typically, a large mechanical switch that is

provided to completely remove incoming power for the purpose of storage or service

of a machine.

Setup The process of adjusting the press brake and

the installation and adjustment of work holding devices or tooling and appropriate safeguarding to ensure proper and safe

operation of the press brake.

Shield (foil or braided)Typically, a metallic encasement surrounding

wiring or components to avoid interference

from RF signals.

Shut Height The distance from the bed to the ram when

the ram is at the bottom of its stroke (in the

closed position).

Solenoid Valve Typically, a pneumatic or hydraulic valve

actuated by an electromagnetic coil.

Throat An opening or recess in the ram (housing) to

permit the positioning of material or

workpieces.

Tool (Die)The cutting or shaping component used in a

machine.

Transducer A device typically electromechanical, that

translates motion into electrical pulses.

TransformerAn electrical device that employs the

principle of mutual induction to convert variations of current in a primary circuit into variations of voltage and current in a

secondary circuit.

V-Bending The forming of sheet metal material using a

pair of "V" shaped tools that bend the workpiece by applying a three-point load.

Valve Any of numerous mechanical devices by

which the flow of liquid, gas, or loose material in bulk may be started, stopped, or regulated by a moveable part that opens, shuts, or partially obstructs one or more ports

or passageways.

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